Foreign Collabrotaion proposals to useforeign brand names

178: PROF; C. LAκSHMANNA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that recently a large number of companies ate coming forward with foreign collaboration pro posals purely to use the foreign brand names; ana

(b) if so, what action is proposed to be, taken by Government to ensure that Indian brand names are developed?

THEMINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI *h* VENGAL RAO): (a) No, Sir.

(b) As a general policy, while approv ing foreign collaboration proposals, fore ign trade marks are not ordinarily allow ed for Use °n products for internal sales. A standard condition to this effect is in corporated in all's foreign collaboration ap proval letters, '

Local Employees m ONGC

*179. SHRI RAOOF VALIULLAH: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAs be pleased [l]o state:

(. a), whether it is a fact -that ONGC has accepted the demands of Government of Assam relating to employment Of local People in its operations; -.

(b) what are the other demands £*f* the State Government and whether they have been accepted by the Central Government;

(c) whether Government of Gujarat have also submitted similar demands; if ; so, what is Government's reaction thereto; sand

(d) whether representatives $_0$f Gujarat and Assam will be included in the special committee on exploration and research set up by the ONGC?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI BRAHM DUTT). (a) A_s per the recruitment and promotion' regulations O980), of ONGC recruitment of class III & TV categories of posts, maximum of pay scale of which does not exceed Rs, 1250/-, has. been decentralised at regional level. All such Posts are notified to the local employment exchange(s) and candidates sponsored are considered for recruitment.

(b) Some of the, other major demands of the State Govt, and the action taken by the Central Govt, thereon:

Demand	Action Taken
(i) Increase in the rate of royalty on crude on production.	The Government of India has raised the roalty on crude oil- from Rs. 61 pr MT to to Rs. 192 per MT with effect from 1-4-1984 after consultation with the State Governments. The Govt. of Assam have demanded royalty higher than Rs. 192 MT. The Government of As am have stated that they would be sending a a comprehensive proposal, in this regard.
ii Reduction of price of*Gas.	. The Govt, of Asam have been demanding supply of gas at the rate of Rs. 100 per thousand cubic mtrs. for Assam State Electricity Board and at the rate of Rs. 250 per thousand cubic mtrs for other -projects. As per the prices fixed by the Govt. w. e. f. 30-1-87 Gas is sold in North-Eastern States at Rs 1000 per thousand cubic mtrs. subject to a discount upto Rs. 50t) per thousand cubic mtrs. for individual cases on merit.

Demand	Action Taieo
(iii) Setting up 6f new refinery in Assam.. (iv)	. (iii) As per Assam Accord, a new refinery is to be set up in Assam in private sector. Assam Govt, have been advised- to identify a suitable private party and also , get a feasibility report prepared. 'The ' State Govt, have engaged Engineers India L. D for the preparation of feasibility report. . (iv)/EIL has been engaged for preparing a feasibility report on' the project.

(c) The Govt, of Gujarat has been demanding increase in the royalty on crude oil production. The last increase' in royalty was effected by the Central Govt, with effect form 1-4-84.

(d) ONGC has not set up. any special ' committee on exploration and research.

India's position in Industrial Nations

*180. SHRI J. P, GOYAL: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state: '

(a) whether it js a fact that India has slipped to the 27th pdsition among the industrial nations of the world from the lOfn position it held'for many years;

(b) if so, what are the details in this n regard;

(c) whether there is any proposal to overhaul* and modernise the Industrial Policy Resolution of 1956 to improve' India's performance in this regard; and

(d) if so, what are the details; n regard thereto and what other steps are contemplated to bring India to at least the 10th position which it had omginally occupied for many years -

iTHE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY * (SHRI J. VENGAL RAO). (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does mot arise.

(c) and (d) While the Industrial policy Resolution of 1956 provides the frame-work for, the Government's industrial policy, a number of liberalisation measur. es have been introduced-from time to time -to stimulate growth, modernisation and competition in 'the industrial gector of the 'economy. Indian industry has made significant strides. over the years and the industrial base has been considerably diver-, sified. Measures ta'ken in *the* last two years such - as delicensing, bread banding, minimum economic capacities, re-endorsement of capacity, and expansion of investment incentives' ^re expected"to further strengthen industrial growth of the country.

पेट्रो-केमिकल निगम की स्थापना

863. श्री मीर्जा इर्शाबेग : क्या उद्योग मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि गुजरात सरकार ने तेल व प्राकृतिक गैस के लिए एक पेट्रो-केमिकल निगम की स्थापना करने की मांग है; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है और सरकार द्वारा इस संबंध में क्या निर्णय लिया गया है या लिए जाने की संभावना है ?

उद्योग मंत्रालय में रसायन और पेट्रो-रसायन विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री आर० के० जयवन्त सिंह : (क) गुजरात सरकार ने तेल और प्राकृतिक गैस के लिए एक पेट्रो-केमिकल्स कारपोरेशन की स्थापना करने की कोई मांग नहीं की है।

(ख) प्रश्न ही नहीं उठता।